

1 $\overline{\overline{\mathbf{D}}}(\overline{\mathbf{V}}) = \frac{1}{2}U'(r) (\overline{\mathbf{e}}_z \otimes \overline{\mathbf{e}}_r + \overline{\mathbf{e}}_r \otimes \overline{\mathbf{e}}_z) .$

2.a $\overline{\overline{\mathbf{T}}} = 2(\eta + \eta^t)\overline{\overline{\mathbf{D}}}(\overline{\mathbf{V}})$ convient.

2.b $P(r,z) = \Pi(z) - \frac{2}{3}\rho k(r).$

2.c *Perte de pression motrice moyenne...*

2.d
$$(\eta + \eta^t) U'(r) = -\frac{1}{2}Gr .$$

2.e
$$\tau_p = \frac{1}{2}Ga .$$

3.b
$$W^+(y) = \frac{1}{\chi} \ln y^+ + C .$$

4.a
$$U^+ = \frac{1}{\chi} \ln[a^+(1 - \tilde{r})] + C .$$

4.b
$$V^+ = \frac{1}{\chi} \ln a^+ - \frac{3}{2\chi} + C .$$

5.a $G = \frac{\rho V^2}{4a}\lambda \implies u_\tau = V\sqrt{\frac{\lambda}{8}} .$

5.b
$$Re_\tau = Re \sqrt{\frac{\lambda}{32}} .$$

6.a $\alpha = \frac{\ln 10}{\sqrt{8}\chi}$ et $\beta = \frac{C}{\sqrt{8}} - \frac{3 + \ln 32}{2\sqrt{8}\chi} .$

6.b $\alpha = 2,0$ et $\beta = -0,95 .$

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$$\tilde{U} = \frac{\ln[a^+(1 - \tilde{r})] + \chi C}{\ln a^+ + \chi C} .$$

8.a & b Pour le 1^{er} écoulement on trouve avec Matlab

$$\lambda = 0,0274 \simeq 1,02\lambda_{\text{expe}} \quad \text{et} \quad Re_\tau = 556 \dots$$

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$$\nu^+ = \chi a^+(1 - \tilde{r}) .$$